## HOUSE BILL 2209

By Representatives Haigh, Dammeier, Santos, Dahlquist, Probst, Maxwell, and Kenney

62nd Legislature

2012 Regular Session

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- 1 AN ACT Relating to addressing issues of accountability and funding
- 2 for alternative learning experience programs; amending RCW 28A.150.325;
- 3 reenacting and amending RCW 28A.150.260; and providing an expiration
- 4 date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.150.325 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 2 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) ((For purposes of)) The definitions in this subsection apply
- 9 <u>throughout</u> this chapter((-)) <u>unless the context clearly requires</u>
- 10 otherwise.
- 11 <u>(a)</u> "Alternative learning experience program" means a course or set
- 12 of courses that is:
- 13  $((\frac{a}{a}))$  <u>(i)</u> Provided in whole or in part independently from a
- 14 regular classroom setting or schedule, but may include some components
- 15 of direct instruction;

State of Washington

- 16  $((\frac{b}{b}))$  (ii) Supervised, monitored, assessed, evaluated, and
- documented by a certificated teacher employed by the school district or
- 18 under contract as permitted by applicable rules; and

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- 1 ((<del>(c)</del>)) <u>(iii)</u> Provided in accordance with a written student 2 learning plan that is implemented pursuant to the school district's 3 policy and rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction 4 for alternative learning experiences.
  - (b) "Contract-based learning program" means a program that serves students in grades nine through twelve where students receive an average of at least five hours of classroom-based instruction per week. The running start program established under RCW 28A.600.300 is not a contract-based learning program.
  - (2)(a) For students in grades nine through twelve, all instruction and activities in the student learning plan must generate credits that meet state or local high school graduation requirements.
  - (b) For students in grades kindergarten through eight, all instruction and activities in the student learning plan must be directly related to one or more of the following core academic subjects: English, reading and language arts, writing, science, technology, engineering, mathematics, foreign languages, civics and government, economics, the arts, history, and geography.
- 19 <u>(3)</u> The broad categories of alternative learning experience 20 programs include, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Online programs as defined in RCW 28A.150.262;
  - (b) Parent partnership programs that include significant participation and partnership by parents and families in the design and implementation of a student's learning experience; and
    - (c) Contract-based learning programs.

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 $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) School districts that offer alternative learning experience programs may not provide any compensation, reimbursement, gift, reward, or gratuity to any parents, guardians, or students for participation. School district employees are prohibited from receiving any compensation or payment as an incentive to increase student enrollment of out-of-district students in an alternative learning experience program. This prohibition includes, but is not limited to, providing funds to parents, guardians, or students for the purchase of experiences, services, educational materials, supplies, technological equipment. A district may purchase educational materials, equipment, or other nonconsumable supplies for students' use in alternative learning experience programs if the purchase is consistent with the district's approved curriculum, conforms to

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applicable laws and rules, and is made in the same manner as such 1 2 purchases are made for students in the district's regular instructional program. Items so purchased remain the property of the school district 3 4 upon program completion. School districts may not purchase or contract for instructional or co- curricular experiences and services that are 5 6 included in an alternative learning experience written student learning 7 including but not limited to lessons, trips, and other 8 activities, unless substantially similar experiences and services are 9 available to students enrolled in the district's regular instructional School districts that purchase or contract for such 10 11 experiences and services for students enrolled in an alternative 12 learning experience program must submit an annual report to the office 13 of the superintendent of public instruction detailing the costs and purposes of the expenditures. These requirements extend to contracted 14 15 providers of alternative learning experience programs, and each district shall be responsible for monitoring the compliance of its 16 providers with these requirements. However, nothing in this section 17 shall prohibit school districts from contracting with online providers 18 19 approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction 20 pursuant to chapter 28A.250 RCW.

in  $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) Part-time enrollment alternative learning experiences is subject to the provisions of RCW 28A.150.350. Part-time students who are enrolled in alternative learning experiences are not exempt from participating in the statewide academic assessment system under RCW 28A.655.070 in the same manner as full-time students. Participation shall be based on a student's completion of the course material that is the subject of the assessment. Nonresident students in alternative learning experience programs may participate in statewide student assessments in the district of residence, subject to that district's planned testing schedule.

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((+5))) (6) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules defining minimum requirements and accountability for alternative learning experience programs.

Sec. 2. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 34 s 9 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 27 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school

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districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

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- (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.
- (2) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.
- (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The allocations shall be further

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adjusted from the school prototypes with minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

- (b) The total aggregate statewide allocations calculated under 4 subsections (4) through (12) of this section for full-time equivalent 5 student enrollment in alternative learning experience programs as 6 defined in RCW 28A.150.325 shall be reduced by fifteen percent for the 7 2011-12 and 2012-13 school years, except that such reductions do not 8 apply in the 2012-13 school year to student enrollment in contract-9 based learning programs. The superintendent of public instruction 10 11 shall determine how to implement this aggregate fifteen percent 12 reduction among the different alternative learning experience programs. 13 No program may receive less than a ten percent reduction and no program may receive greater than a twenty percent reduction. In determining 14 15 how to implement the reductions among the alternative learning experience programs, the superintendent of public instruction must look 16 17 to both how a program is currently operating as well as how it has 18 operated in the past, to the extent that data is available, and must 19 give consideration to the following criteria:
- 20 (i) The category of program;

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- 21 (ii) The certificated instructional staffing ratio maintained by 22 the program;
  - (iii) The amount and type of direct personal student-to-teacher contact used by the program on a weekly basis;
    - (iv) Whether the program uses any classroom-based instructional time to meet requirements in the written student learning plan for enrolled students; and
    - (v) For online programs, whether the program is approved by the superintendent of public instruction under RCW 28A.250.020.
- 30 (c) The superintendent of public instruction shall report to the 31 legislature by December 31, 2011, regarding how the reductions in (b) 32 of this subsection were implemented.
- 33 (d) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are 34 defined as follows:
- 35 (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual full-36 time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;
- 37 (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two

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| 1<br>2  | average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and  |
|---|--|
| 3<br>4<br>5   | (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six.   |
| 6   | (4)(a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school  |
| 7   | shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers  |
| 8   | needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual   |
| 9   | instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one   |
| 10  | teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following   |
| 11  | general education average class size of full-time equivalent students  |
| 12  | per teacher:   |
| 13  | General education  |
| 14  | average  |
| 15  | class size   |
| 16  | Grades K-3   |
| 17  | Grade 4  |
| 18  | Grades 5-6   |
| 19  | Grades 7-8   |
| 20  | Grades 9-12  |
| <ul><li>21</li><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul> | (b) During the 2011-2013 biennium and beginning with schools with the highest percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals in the prior school year, the general education average class size for grades K-3 shall be reduced until the average class size funded under this subsection (4) is no more than 17.0 full-time |
| ∠6<br>27  | equivalent students per teacher beginning in the 2017-18 school year.  (c) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high  |
| 28  | school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom teachers  |
| 29  | based on the following number of full-time equivalent students per   |
| 30  | teacher in career and technical education:   |
| 31  | Career and technical   |
| 32  | education average  |
| 33  | class size   |
| 34  | Approved career and technical education offered at   |
| 35  | the middle school and high school level  |
| 36  | Skill center programs meeting the standards established  |
| 37  | by the office of the superintendent of public  |

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| instruction . |  |  | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |  | _ | _ | _ |  |  | _ | 22.76 |  |
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- (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a minimum specify:
  - (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price meals; and
  - (ii) A specialty average class size for laboratory science, advanced placement, and international baccalaureate courses.
  - (5) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in addition to classroom teachers:

| 1 | 1 |
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| 1 | 2 |

| 13 |  | Elementary | Middle | High   |
|----|--|------------|--------|--------|
| 14 |  | School     | School | School |
| 15 | Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level        |            |        |        |
| 16 | administrators   | 1.253      | 1.353  | 1.880  |
| 17 | Teacher librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology, |            |        |        |
| 18 | and media to support school library media programs                             | 0.663      | 0.519  | 0.523  |
| 19 | Health and social services:  |            |        |        |
| 20 | School nurses  | 0.076      | 0.060  | 0.096  |
| 21 | Social workers   | 0.042      | 0.006  | 0.015  |
| 22 | Psychologists  | 0.017      | 0.002  | 0.007  |
| 23 | Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation   |            |        |        |
| 24 | advising   | 0.493      | 1.116  | 1.909  |
| 25 | Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional         |            |        |        |
| 26 | services provided by classified employees                                      | 0.936      | 0.700  | 0.652  |
| 27 | Office support and other noninstructional aides                                | 2.012      | 2.325  | 3.269  |
| 28 | Custodians   | 1.657      | 1.942  | 2.965  |
| 29 | Classified staff providing student and staff safety                            | 0.079      | 0.092  | 0.141  |
| 30 | Parent involvement coordinators  | 0.00       | 0.00   | 0.00   |

(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 as follows:

Staff per 1,000

| 1  | K-12 students  |
|----|--|
| 2  | Technology   |
| 3  | Facilities, maintenance, and grounds                                       |
| 4  | Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics   |
| 5  | (b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school district         |
| 6  | to support certificated and classified staffing of central                 |
| 7  | administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated under    |
| 8  | subsections $(4)(a)$ and $(b)$ and $(5)$ of this section and $(a)$ of this |
| 9  | subsection.  |
| 10 | (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to         |
| 11 | school districts for career and technical education and skill center       |
| 12 | administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified     |
| 13 | in the omnibus appropriations act.   |
| 14 | (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum           |
| 15 | allocation for each school district shall include allocations per          |
| 16 | annual average full-time equivalent student for the following              |
| 17 | materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for inflation     |
| 18 | from the 2008-09 school year:  |
| 19 | Per annual average   |
| 20 | full-time equivalent student   |
| 21 | in grades K-12   |
| 22 | Technology   |
| 23 | Utilities and insurance  |
| 24 | Curriculum and textbooks   |
| 25 | Other supplies and library materials                                       |
| 26 | Instructional professional development for certified and                   |
| 27 | classified staff   |
| 28 | Facilities maintenance   |
| 29 | Security and central office  |
| 30 | (b) During the 2011-2013 biennium, the minimum allocation for              |
| 31 | maintenance, supplies, and operating costs shall be increased as           |
| 32 | specified in the omnibus appropriations act. The following                 |
| 33 | allocations, adjusted for inflation from the 2007-08 school year, are      |
| 34 | provided in the 2015-16 school year, after which the allocations shall     |
| 35 | be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus             |
| 36 | appropriations act:  |
| 37 | Per annual average   |

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| 1  | full-time equivalent student                                |
|----|---|
| 2  | in grades K-12  |
| 3  | Technology  |
| 4  | Utilities and insurance                                     |
| 5  | Curriculum and textbooks                                    |
| 6  | Other supplies and library materials                        |
| 7  | Instructional professional development for certificated and |
| 8  | classified staff  |
| 9  | Facilities maintenance                                      |
| 10 | Security and central office administration \$106.12         |

(9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following:

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- (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students in grades seven through twelve;
- (b) Laboratory science courses for students in grades nine through twelve;
- (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
- (d) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
- (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:
- (a) To provide supplemental instruction and services for underachieving students through the learning assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.5156 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.
- (b) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The minimum

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- allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide 1 2 resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction 3 4 program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation may be scaled to 5 provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive 6 intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing 7 8 less intensive intervention, as detailed in the omnibus appropriations 9 act.
  - (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on two and three hundred fourteen one-thousandths percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a) and (b), (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with disabilities.
  - (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.
  - (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.
- 34 (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds 35 shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The 36 recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or 37 rejection by the legislature.

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(b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.

- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.
- (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 2013.

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